## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A purified and isolated polynucleotide sequence consisting essentially of polynucleotide sequence encoding a mammalian Ca<sup>2+</sup>/calmodulin stimulated cyclic nucleotide phosphodiesterase polypeptide.
- 2. A purified and isolated polynucleotide sequence consisting essentially of polynucleotide sequence encoding a mammalian cyclic GMP stimulated cyclic nucleotide phosphodiesterase polypeptide.
- 3. A polynucleotide sequence according to claim 1 or 2 which encodes a human phosphodiesterase polypeptide.
- A polynucleotide sequence according to claim 3 selected from the group consisting of the human DNA inserts present in vectors pGSPDE6.1 (A.T.C.C. 68583), pGSPDE7.1 (A.T.C.C. 68585), pGSPDE9.2 (A.T.C.C. 68584), λ CaM H6a (A.T.C.C. 75000) pcamH3EF (A.T.C.C. 68964), pHcam61-6N-7 (A.T.C.C. 68963), pcamHella (A.T.C.C. 68965), and pHcgs6n (A.T.C.C. 68962).
- 5. A polynucleotide sequence according to claim 1 or 2 which encodes a bovine phosphodiesterase polypeptide.
- 6. A polynucleotide sequence according to claim 5 which encodes a bovine brain 61 kDa
   Ca<sup>2+</sup>/calmodulin stimulated phosphodiesterase polypeptide.
  - 7. A polynucleotide sequence according to claim 5 encoding a bovine brain 63 kDa Ca<sup>2+</sup>/calmodulin stimulated phosphodiesterase polypeptide.

- 8. A polynucleotide sequence according to claim 5 which encodes a bovine heart 59 kDa Ca<sup>2+</sup>/calmodulin stimulated phosphodiesterase polypeptide.
- 9. A DNA sequence according to claim 8 which is SEQ ID NO: 16.

- 10. A DNA sequence according to claim 5 selected from the group consisting of the bovine DNA inserts present in vectors p12.3A (A.T.C.C. 68577), pCaM-40 (A.T.C.C. 68576), pBBCGS PDE-5 (A.T.C.C. 68578), pBBCGS PDE-7 (A.T.C.C. 68580), and p3CGS-5 (A.T.C.C. 68579).
- 11. A cDNA sequence according to claims 1 or 2.
- 12. A genomic DNA sequence according to claims 15 1 or 2.
  - 13. A DNA vector having inserted therein a DNA sequence according to claim 1 or 2.
- 14. A procaryotic or eucaryotic host cell stably transformed with a polynucleotide sequence according to claim 1 or 2.
  - 15. A yeast host cell according to claim 14.
  - 16. A polypeptide product of the expression in a transformed procaryotic or eucaryotic host cell of a polynucleotide sequence according to claim 1 or 2.
- 25 17. A polypeptide product according to claim 16 as expressed in a yeast host cell.

- 18. A purified and isolated polynucleotide sequence consisting essentially of a polynucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide having the enzymatic activity of a mammalian Ca<sup>2+</sup>/calmodulin stimulated cyclic nucleotide phosphodiesterase and selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) the mammalian DNA inserts in vectors pCAM-40 (A.T.C.C. 68576), p12.3 (A.T.C.C. 68577), and pHcam61-6N-7 (A.T.C.C. 68963);
- (b) polynucleotide sequences which hybridize under stringent hybridization conditions to a DNA sequence selected from the mammalian DNA inserts in vectors pCAM-40 (A.T.C.C. 68576), p12.3A (A.T.C.C. 68577), λ CAM H6a (A.T.C.C. 75000), pHcam61-6N-7 (A.T.C.C. 68963), pcamH3EF (A.T.C.C. 68964), and pcamHella (A.T.C.C. 68965);

- (c) polynucleotide sequences which hybridize under stringent hybridization conditions to the sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 16;
- (d) polynucleotide sequences encoding the same polypeptide as the polynucleotide sequences of (a), (b) and (c) above by means of degenerate codons.
  - 19. A polypeptide product of the expression in a transformed or transfected procaryotic or eucaryotic host cell of a polynucleotide sequence according to claim 18.
    - 20. A polypeptide product according to claim 19 as expressed in a yeast host cell.
- 21. A purified and isolated polynucleotide

  sequence consisting essentially of a polynucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide having the enzymatic activity of a mammalian cyclic GMP stimulated nucleotide

phosphodiesterase and selected from the group consisting of:

(a) the mammalian DNA inserts in vectors p3CGS-5 (A.T.C.C. 68579) and pHcgs6n (A.T.C.C. 68962);

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- (b) polynucleotide sequences which hybridize under stringent hybridization conditions to the mammalian DNA inserts in vectors p3CGS-5 (A.T.C.C. 68579), pHcgs6n (A.T.C.C. 68962), pGSPDE6.1 (A.T.C.C. 68583), pGSPDE7.1 (A.T.C.C.68585), pGSPDE9.2 (A.T.C.C. 68584), pBBCGSPDE-5 (A.T.C.C. 68578) and pBBCGSPDE-7 (A.T.C.C. 68580); and
- (c) DNA sequences encoding the same polypeptide as the DNA sequences of (a) and (b) above by means of degenerate codons.
- 22. A polypeptide product of the expression in a transformed or transfected procaryotic or eucaryotic host cell of a polynucleotide sequence according to claim 21.
  - 23. A polypeptide product according to claim 22 as expressed in a yeast host cell.
- 24. An antibody substance specifically immunoreactive with a polypeptide product according to claim 16, 19 or 22.
  - 25. A method for producing a polypeptide having the enzymatic activity of a mammalian Ca<sup>2+</sup>/calmodulin stimulated cyclic nucleotide phosphodiesterase, said method comprising:
  - (a) stably transforming or transfecting a procaryotic or eucaryotic host cell with a polynucleotide sequence according to claim 1 or 18; and

- (b) growing the host cell formed in step (a) in a nutrient medium under conditions allowing expression of said DNA sequence in said host cell.
- 26. A method according to claim 25 further including the step of isolating the polypeptide product of expression of said polynucleotide sequence in said host cell.
  - 27. A method according to claim 25 wherein said host cell is a yeast host cell.
- 28. A method for producing a polypeptide having the enzymatic activity of a cyclic GMP stimulated cyclic nucleotide phosphodiesterase, said method comprising:

- (a) stably transforming or transfecting a procaryotic or eucaryotic host cell with a polynucleotide sequence according to claim 2 or 21; and
  - (b) growing the host cell formed in step (a) in a nutrient medium under conditions allowing expression of said DNA sequence in said host cell.
- 29. A method according to claim 28 further including the step of isolating the polypeptide product of expression of said polynucleotide sequence in said host cell.
- 30. A method according to claim 28 wherein said host cell is a yeast host cell.
  - 31. An assay method for identifying a chemical agent which modifies the enzymatic activity of a mammalian Ca<sup>2+</sup>/calmodulin sensitive cyclic nucleotide phosphodiesterase, said method comprising:

(a) stably transforming, with a polynucleotide sequence according to claim 1 or 18, a procaryotic or eucaryotic host cell having a phenotypic character susceptible to alteration upon expression of said polynucleotide sequence;

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- (b) growing the host cell formed in step (a) in a nutrient medium under conditions allowing expression of said polynucleotide sequence in said host cell accompanied by the corresponding alteration in the host cell phenotype;
- (c) contacting the host cells grown according to step (b) with a chemical agent to be assayed; and,
- (d) determining any modification in the alteration of the phenotype of said host cells contacted with said chemical agent in step (c).
- 32. An assay method according to claim 31 wherein said host cell is a yeast host cell.
- 33. An assay method for identifying a chemical agent which modifies the enzymatic activity of a mammalian cyclic GMP stimulated cyclic nucleotide phosphodiesterase, said method comprising:
- (a) stably transforming, with a polynucleotide sequence according to claim 2 or 21, a procaryotic or eucaryotic host cell having a phenotypic character susceptible to alteration upon expression of said polynucleotide sequence in said host;
- (b) growing the host cell formed in step (a) in a nutrient medium under conditions allowing expression of said polynucleotide sequence in said host cell accompanied by the corresponding alteration in the host cell phenotype;
- (c) contacting the host cells grown according to step (b) with a chemical agent to be assayed; and,

- (d) determining any modification in the alteration of the phenotype of said host cells contacted with said chemical agent in step (d).
- 34. An assay method according to claim 33 wherein the host cell is a yeast host cell.

- 35. An assay method for identifying a chemical agent which modifies the enzymatic activity of a mammalian Ca<sup>2+</sup>/calmodulin sensitive cyclic nucleotide phosphodiesterase, said method comprising:
- 10 (a) stably transforming, with a polynucleotide sequence according to claim 1 or 18, a procaryotic or eucaryotic host cell having a phenotypic character susceptible to alteration upon expression of said polynucleotide sequence;
- 15 (b) growing the host cell formed in step (a) in a nutrient medium under conditions allowing expression of said polynucleotide sequence in said host cell accompanied by the corresponding alteration in the host cell phenotype;
- 20 (c) identifying said host cells having an altered phenotype;
  - (d) disrupting said host cell;
  - (e) isolating cytosol from said disrupted host cell:
- 25 (f) contacting said cytosol with said chemical agent; and
  - (g) determining whether said enzymatic activity has been altered.
- 36. An assay method according to claim 35 wherein said host cell is a yeast host cell.

- 37. An assay method for identifying a chemical agent which modifies the enzymatic activity of a mammalian cyclic GMP stimulated cyclic nucleotide phosphodiesterase, said method comprising:
- (a) stably transforming, with a polynucleotide sequence according to claim 2 or 21, a procaryotic or eucaryotic host cell having a phenotypic character susceptible to alteration upon expression of said polynucleotide sequence in said host;

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- (b) growing the host cell formed in step (a) in a nutrient medium under conditions allowing expression of said polynucleotide sequence in said host cell phenotype;
- (c) identifying said host cells having an
  altered phenotype;
  - (d) disrupting said host cell;
  - (e) isolating cytosol from said disrupted host cell;
- (f) contacting said cytosol with said chemical
  20 agent; and
  - (g) determining whether said enzymatic activity has been altered.
  - 38. An assay method according to claim 37 wherein the host cell is a yeast host cell.